

*, / Fact Triangles 2

The diagram consists of a large equilateral triangle divided into several smaller triangles. The vertices and some internal points are labeled with numbers. The top vertex is 5, the bottom-left is 4, and the bottom-right is 2. A horizontal line divides the triangle into two halves. The top half is further divided by two diagonal lines meeting at a central point. The bottom half is divided by two diagonal lines meeting at a central point. The central point is labeled with 15, 20, 9, 12, 10, and 16. The top-left small triangle has vertices 5, 4, and 5. The top-right small triangle has vertices 3, 4, and 5. The bottom-left small triangle has vertices 3, 3, and 2. The bottom-right small triangle has vertices 4, 2, and 2. The bottom-most small triangle has vertices 4, 9, and 4. Each of the six small triangles contains a multiplication or division fact symbol (asterisk or slash) with a blank space for the student to write the fact.